NAG Fortran Library Routine Document F07BUF (CGBCON/ZGBCON)

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of **bold italicised** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

F07BUF (CGBCON/ZGBCON) estimates the condition number of a complex band matrix A, where A has been factorized by F07BRF (CGBTRF/ZGBTRF).

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE F07BUF(NORM, N, KL, KU, AB, LDAB, IPIV, ANORM, RCOND, WORK,

RWORK, INFO)

ENTRY cgbcon (NORM, N, KL, KU, AB, LDAB, IPIV, ANORM, RCOND, WORK,

RWORK, INFO)

INTEGER N, KL, KU, LDAB, IPIV(*), INFO

real ANORM, RCOND, RWORK(*)

complex AB(LDAB,*), WORK(*)

CHARACTER*1 NORM
```

The ENTRY statement enables the routine to be called by its LAPACK name.

3 Description

This routine estimates the condition number of a complex band matrix A, in either the 1-norm or the infinity-norm:

$$\kappa_1(A) = ||A||_1 ||A^{-1}||_1 \quad \text{or} \quad \kappa_{\infty}(A) = ||A||_{\infty} ||A^{-1}||_{\infty}.$$

Note that $\kappa_{\infty}(A) = \kappa_1(A^H)$.

Because the condition number is infinite if A is singular, the routine actually returns an estimate of the **reciprocal** of the condition number.

The routine should be preceded by a call to F06UBF to compute $||A||_1$ or $||A||_\infty$, and a call to F07BRF (CGBTRF/ZGBTRF) to compute the LU factorization of A. The routine then uses Higham's implementation of Hager's method (see Higham (1988)) to estimate $||A^{-1}||_1$ or $||A^{-1}||_\infty$.

4 References

Higham N J (1988) FORTRAN codes for estimating the one-norm of a real or complex matrix, with applications to condition estimation ACM Trans. Math. Software 14 381–396

5 Parameters

1: NORM – CHARACTER*1

Input

On entry: indicates whether $\kappa_1(A)$ or $\kappa_{\infty}(A)$ is estimated as follows:

if NORM = '1' or 'O',
$$\kappa_1(A)$$
 is estimated;

if NORM = 'I',
$$\kappa_{\infty}(A)$$
 is estimated.

Constraint: NORM = '1', 'O' or 'I'.

2: N – INTEGER Input

On entry: n, the order of the matrix A.

Constraint: $N \ge 0$.

3: KL – INTEGER Input

On entry: k_l , the number of sub-diagonals within the band of A.

Constraint: $KL \geq 0$.

4: KU – INTEGER Input

On entry: k_u , the number of super-diagonals within the band of A.

Constraint: $KU \ge 0$.

5: AB(LDAB,*) - complex array

Input

Note: the second dimension of the array AB must be at least max(1, N).

On entry: the LU factorization of A, as returned by F07BRF (CGBTRF/ZGBTRF).

6: LDAB – INTEGER Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array AB as declared in the (sub)program from which F07BUF (CGBCON/ZGBCON) is called.

Constraint: LDAB $\geq 2 \times KL + KU + 1$.

7: IPIV(*) – INTEGER array

Input

Note: the dimension of the array IPIV must be at least max(1, N).

On entry: the pivot indices, as returned by F07BRF (CGBTRF/ZGBTRF).

8: ANORM – real Input

On entry: if NORM = '1' or 'O', the 1-norm of the **original** matrix A; if NORM = 'I', the infinity-norm of the **original** matrix A. ANORM may be computed by calling F06UBF with the same value for the parameter NORM. ANORM must be computed either **before** calling F07BRF (CGBTRF/ZGBTRF) or else from a **copy** of the original matrix A.

Constraint: ANORM > 0.0.

9: RCOND – real Output

On exit: an estimate of the reciprocal of the condition number of A. RCOND is set to zero if exact singularity is detected or the estimate underflows. If RCOND is less than **machine precision**, A is singular to working precision.

10: WORK(*) - complex array

Workspace

Note: the dimension of the array WORK must be at least max(1, 2 * N).

11: RWORK(*) - real array

Workspace

Note: the dimension of the array RWORK must be at least max(1, N).

12: INFO – INTEGER

Output

On exit: INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

INFO < 0

If INFO = -i, the *i*th parameter had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

7 Accuracy

The computed estimate RCOND is never less than the true value ρ , and in practice is nearly always less than 10ρ , although examples can be constructed where RCOND is much larger.

8 Further Comments

A call to this routine involves solving a number of systems of linear equations of the form Ax = b or $A^Hx = b$; the number is usually 5 and never more than 11. Each solution involves approximately $8n(2k_l + k_u)$ real floating-point operations (assuming $n \gg k_l$ and $n \gg k_u$) but takes considerably longer than a call to F07BSF (CGBTRS/ZGBTRS) with 1 right-hand side, because extra care is taken to avoid overflow when A is approximately singular.

The real analogue of this routine is F07BGF (SGBCON/DGBCON).

9 Example

To estimate the condition number in the 1-norm of the matrix A, where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -1.65 + 2.26i & -2.05 - 0.85i & 0.97 - 2.84i & 0.00 + 0.00i \\ 0.00 + 6.30i & -1.48 - 1.75i & -3.99 + 4.01i & 0.59 - 0.48i \\ 0.00 + 0.00i & -0.77 + 2.83i & -1.06 + 1.94i & 3.33 - 1.04i \\ 0.00 + 0.00i & 0.00 + 0.00i & 4.48 - 1.09i & -0.46 - 1.72i \end{pmatrix}$$

9.1 Program Text

Note: the listing of the example program presented below uses **bold italicised** terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

```
FO7BUF Example Program Text
Mark 15 Release. NAG Copyright 1991.
.. Parameters ..
TNTEGER
                NIN, NOUT
PARAMETER
                (NIN=5,NOUT=6)
INTEGER
               NMAX, KLMAX, KUMAX, LDAB
PARAMETER
                (NMAX=8,KLMAX=8,KUMAX=8,LDAB=2*KLMAX+KUMAX+1)
CHARACTER
              NORM
PARAMETER
               (NORM='1')
.. Local Scalars ..
         ANORM, RCOND
real
               I, INFO, J, K, KL, KU, N
.. Local Arrays ..
complex
               AB(LDAB, NMAX), WORK(2*NMAX)
real
                RWORK (NMAX)
INTEGER IPIV(NMAX)
real FOGUBF, XO2AJF
EXTERNAL FOGUET
.. External Subroutines ..
EXTERNAL cgbcon, cgbtrf
.. Intrinsic Functions ..
INTRINSIC
            MAX, MIN
.. Executable Statements ..
WRITE (NOUT,*) 'F07BUF Example Program Results'
Skip heading in data file
```

```
READ (NIN, *)
      READ (NIN,*) N, KL, KU
      IF (N.LE.NMAX .AND. KL.LE.KLMAX .AND. KU.LE.KUMAX) THEN
          Read A from data file
          K = KI + KII + 1
          READ (NIN, \star) ((AB(K+I-J,J),J=MAX(I-KL,1),MIN(I+KU,N)),I=1,N)
          Compute norm of A
          ANORM = F06UBF(NORM, N, KL, KU, AB(KL+1, 1), LDAB, RWORK)
          Factorize A
          CALL cgbtrf(N,N,KL,KU,AB,LDAB,IPIV,INFO)
          WRITE (NOUT, *)
          IF (INFO.EQ.O) THEN
             Estimate condition number
             CALL cgbcon (NORM, N, KL, KU, AB, LDAB, IPIV, ANORM, RCOND, WORK,
                          RWORK, INFO)
             IF (RCOND.GE.XO2AJF()) THEN
                WRITE (NOUT, 99999) 'Estimate of condition number =',
                  1.0e0/RCOND
             ELSE
                WRITE (NOUT,*) 'A is singular to working precision'
             END IF
          ELSE
             WRITE (NOUT,*) 'The factor U is singular'
          END IF
      END IF
      STOP
99999 FORMAT (1X,A,1P,e10.2)
      END
9.2 Program Data
FO7BUF Example Program Data
  4 1 2
                                                               :Values of N, KL and KU
 (-1.65, 2.26) (-2.05,-0.85) ( 0.97,-2.84)
 (0.00, 6.30) (-1.48,-1.75) (-3.99, 4.01) (0.59,-0.48)
(-0.77, 2.83) (-1.06, 1.94) (3.33,-1.04)
(4.48,-1.09) (-0.46,-1.72) :End of matrix A
9.3
     Program Results
 FO7BUF Example Program Results
```

Estimate of condition number = 1.04E+02